

**Analyze and Evaluate before deciding**

**Worksheet 5.1**

**Vocabulary part**

* **Answer the following questions:**



1. What is in the picture? landscape
2. What colors do you see? Blue, greed
3. What do you like most about the landscape? Is beautiful the river

* **Complete the sentences with the correct word using the previous vocabulary (ppt)**

[**https://wordwall.net/resource/31916540/cycle-1-class-5**](https://wordwall.net/resource/31916540/cycle-1-class-5)

1. The steps for a problem solving are analyze, evaluate, decide………………
2. When you determine the factor of something you is Analyze…….
3. When you have a final choice about something that means you have to Decide….
4. After you analyze something, you have to are Evaluate……………….
5. When you verify something, you Evaluate ……….
6. The 7 steps of decision making process are collect information ………
7. After you identify the problem, you have to implement action………
8. Before you evaluate the results you have to…identify alternatives…..
9. After you identify the alternatives you have to weigh the evidences………..

**Reading strategy**

Watch the video about Making predictions

<https://youtu.be/PpzRaEJGS0o>

**Worksheet 5.2**

**Reading**

**Read the text and predict what the text is about. If you need more information, go to this link**

[**http://www.differencebetween.net/business/planning-activities/difference-between-analyzing-and-evaluating/**](http://www.differencebetween.net/business/planning-activities/difference-between-analyzing-and-evaluating/)

**Difference between Analyzing and Evaluating**

Analyzing and evaluating are needed in everyday life especially in cognitive tasks such as comprehension and making smart decisions. Both are also involved in data science as they deal with critiquing evidence. Moreover, they work hand in hand as analyzing is needed in coming up with an efficient evaluation. In consequence, these complementing processes are evident in how we understand and appreciate information.

“Analyze” and “evaluate” are two key terms in knowledge objectives as these are needed in actualizing higher order thinking skills. For instance, students are required to analyze theories, issues, experiences, and other related concepts. Also, learners are tasked to make a stand and explain on their judgments. Indeed, analyses and evaluations are key processes in learning and are essential in the advancement of disciplines.

**Difference between Analyzing and Evaluating**

**Process in Analyzing and Evaluating**

The main difference is that analyzing involves breaking a concept into its parts for better interpretation while evaluating requires determination of significance.

**Inference of Analyzing and Evaluating**

The inference from analyses concerns interpretations as to implications, meanings, and justifications. On the other hand, the inference from evaluations look into the estimation of quality.

**Sequence in Analyzing and Evaluating**

Generally, analyzing comes first before evaluating. In order for you to find out the value you have to identify the elements. For example a real estate agent can only identify the price of a property if he already knows its location, measurement, scarcity, and other features.

**Compulsory Results in Analyzing and Evaluating**

Normally the result of an evaluation should be the resulting quality. On the contrary, a result is not that compulsory in analysis as it only mainly involves interpretation.

**Length of Mental Process in Analyzing and Evaluating**

Analyzing usually includes a longer thinking process as it deals with segmentation and classification while evaluating basically deals with the conclusion.

**Worksheet 5.3**

**Answer these True/False questions about the text.**

1. Analyzing and evaluating are needed in everyday life True
2. “Analyze” and “evaluate” are not crucial key terms in knowledge objectives False are crucial to gain knowledge
3. Analyses and evaluations are key processes True key terms in knowledge objectives
4. The main difference is that analyzing involves breaking a concept True analyzing is interpretation while evaluating requires determination of significance
5. Analyzing comes after evaluating False analyzing come before evaluating

**Worksheet 5.4**

**Answer these self -evaluation questions**

1. La predicción de un texto me ayuda a interpretarlo mejor.

Si No Talvez

1. Comprendo que las predicciones están basadas en las evidencias que me suministra el texto.

Si No Talvez

1. Comprendo que en ocasiones las predicciones pueden ser incorrectas por lo que debo siempre rectificar.

Si No Talvez